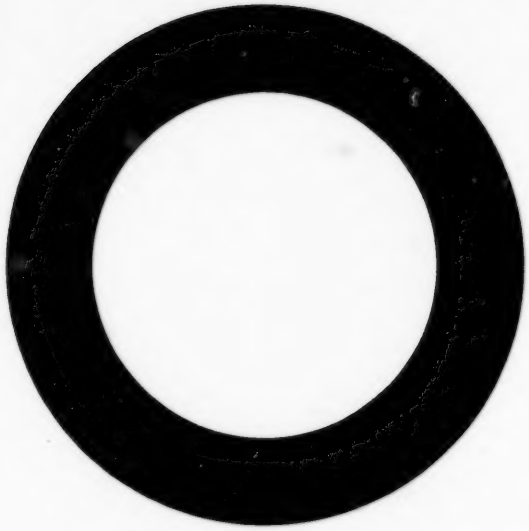
Annex to the note verbale dated 15 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Algeria to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

People's Democratic Republic of Algeria

Implementation of United Nations Security Council resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007)

1. The Government of the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria has taken note of the adoption by the United Nations Security Council of resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007).

2. The Government has informed the competent national authorities of the obligations incumbent upon Algeria, and indeed the entire membership of the United Nations, pursuant to resolutions 1737 (2006) and 1747 (2007), and has requested them to report to it on the steps taken to implement paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 12 and 17 of resolution 1737 (2006) and paragraphs 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of resolution 1747 (2007).



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Note verbale dated 15 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Austria to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006), and has the honour to transmit its report, pursuant to paragraph 8 of resolution 1747 (2007), on the steps taken by the Government of Austria with a view to implementing the relevant provisions of the above-mentioned resolution (see annex).

07-37144 (E) 140607

Annex to the note verbale dated 15 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

Security Council resolution 1747 (2006)

Implementation by Austria

As a member State of the European Union (EU), Austria implements the restrictive measures against the Islamic Republic of Iran imposed by Security Council resolution 1747 (2007) by taking the following measures:

First, through the following legal acts of the EU and/or the European Community (EC):

- Council Common Position 2007/246/CFSP of 23 April 2007 amending Common Position 2007/140/CFSP of 27 February 2007 concerning restrictive measures against the Islamic Republic of Iran.
- Council Regulation (EC) No. 423/2007 of 19 April 2007 concerning restrictive measures against the Islamic Republic of Iran.
- Commission Regulation (EC) No. 441/2007 of 20 April 2007 amending Council Regulation (EC) No. 423/2007 of 19 April 2007 concerning restrictive measures against the Islamic Republic of Iran by replacing the text in annex IV to Regulation (EC) No. 423/2007.
- A Council Regulation further amending Council Regulation (EC) No. 423/2007 concerning restrictive measures against the Islamic Republic of Iran, to be adopted without delay.
- Council Regulation (EC) No. 1334/2000 of 22 June 2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology.

Secondly, the competent Austrian authorities apply the following Austrian legislation in implementing the restrictive measures against the Islamic Republic of Iran imposed by Security Council resolution 1747 (2007):

- With regard to the obligation contained in paragraph 2 of Security Council resolution 1747 (2007), the Aliens Police Act (Federal Law Gazette I No. 157/2005 as amended) and the Law on Residence (Federal Law Gazette I No. 100/2005 as amended) empower the competent Austrian authorities to impose the appropriate travel or entry restrictions as well as to notify the Committee in accordance with this paragraph.
- With regard to the obligation contained in paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 1747 (2007), the Austrian Exchange Control Act (Federal Law Gazette I No. 123/2003) stipulates that non-compliance with regulations of the European Community or relevant Austrian Federal Government regulations concerning the freezing of funds is a criminal offence punishable with up to one year of imprisonment.
- With regard to the obligations contained in paragraphs 5 and 6 of Security Council resolution 1747 (2007), the legal basis for their implementation is a

national authorization procedure established by the above-mentioned Council Regulations, the Foreign Trade Act (FTA, Federal Law Gazette I No. 50/2005 as amended), the Foreign Trade Regulation (FTAR, Federal Law Gazette II No. 121/2006), and the War Material Act (WMA, Federal Law Gazette I No. 540/1977 as amended). Non-compliance with the FTA or the WMA constitutes a criminal offence punishable with up to five years of imprisonment or payment of a fine of up to 360 daily rates.

- With regard to the obligations contained in paragraph 7 of Security Council resolution 1747 (2007), the Austrian cover policy and the agreements between the competent Austrian authorities and Austria's official export credit agency were amended in order to ensure that no grants, financial assistance or concessional loans, except for humanitarian and developmental purposes, are conceded to the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

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Note verbale dated 15 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Bahrain to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of the Kingdom of Bahrain to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006) and, with reference to the latter's note verbale dated 20 April 2007, has the honour to attach herewith the report of the Kingdom of Bahrain pursuant to paragraph 8 of resolution 1747 (2007) and to paragraph 19 of resolution 1737 (2006) (see annex).

07-37168 (E) 180607 190607

Annex to the note verbale dated 15 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Bahrain to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

[Original: Arabic]

Report of the Kingdom of Bahrain on the implementation of Security Council resolution 1737 (2006)

In keeping with the objectives of the United Nations in the realm of the maintenance of international peace and security, the Kingdom of Bahrain has taken all measures to ensure compliance with the provisions of Security Council resolution 1737 (2006).

Measures taken at the national level

Measures taken pursuant to Security Council resolution 1737 (2006):

The Central Bank of Bahrain has issued a circular to all banks and financial institutions licensed by the Bank regarding the implementation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1737 (2006) and the freezing of the assets of individuals or institutions named therein. Those banks and financial institutions were also instructed to provide the Central Bank of Bahrain with any relevant information.

Measures already in place in the Kingdom of Bahrain

1. The entry of hazardous chemicals into the Kingdom of Bahrain is controlled by the Directorate General of Customs and the office for the control and licensing of explosives and related substances. In addition, a draft decision has been proposed on the establishment of a unit within the Ministry of the Interior for the control and licensing of explosives. This unit would control and issue licenses for the import of explosives and related substances; set forth licensing terms and conditions for the possession, acquisition or transportation of explosives and related substances; and specify the substances that are considered to be explosives.

2. Chemicals are imported into the Kingdom by the ministries, companies and enterprises that are licensed to do so, and an import permit is required. The laws of the Kingdom of Bahrain regulate the terms and conditions for the import of chemicals through the Directorate General for Civil Defence of the Ministry of the Interior, pursuant to Law No. 50 of 1990 on civil defence and the ministerial decisions issued in implementation of that law. All required documents are scrutinized and checked, and there is coordination with other authorities in the Kingdom such as those concerned with environmental affairs.

3. The transportation of chemicals (explosives) is subject to the approval of specialists at the Directorate General for Civil Defence of the Ministry of the Interior and also requires a permit. Permits are issued when the requirements for the possession or import of such materials have been met. Transportation is coordinated with the General Directorate of Traffic in order to guarantee safety.

4. Chemical residues are disposed of in cooperation with the marine resources, environmental and wildlife protection agency, so as to preserve a healthy environment; only equipment specifically designed for this purpose is used.

5. The security control services of the Kingdom inspect all ships or other types of land or sea transport that enter the Kingdom's ports or pass through its entry/exit points. Ships, particularly those arriving from States with which the Security Council resolution is concerned, are only allowed to dock at official ports, and chemicals in their cargo are subject to the required inspection.

Measures taken at the international level

The Kingdom of Bahrain has ratified the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on their Destruction by means of decree No. 6 of 1997, and the Kingdom fulfils all obligations pursuant to the Convention.

Law No. 58 of 2006 on the protection of society from terrorist acts has been enacted. This law criminalizes the use of force in a manner which affects the safety of the Kingdom or the security of the international community; the manufacture, import, possession, transportation, promotion or use of conventional and non-conventional weapons or explosives or ammunition; and any action that entails the introduction of any substance into the country for terrorist purposes. Perpetrators of or participants in the actions described in this law are punished, and the funds and instruments used are confiscated.

Law No. 54 of 2006 amending some of the provisions of Decree-Law No. 4 of 2001 on the prohibition and combating of money-laundering was enacted. Some of those amendments concern coordination among the specialized authorities with the aim of implementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, conventions on the suppression of the financing of terrorism and other relevant conventions and treaties.

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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006)

Note verbale dated 15 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of the Arab Republic of Egypt to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006), and has the honour to submit a report pursuant to paragraph 8 of Security Council resolution 1747 (2007) (see annex).

07-37150 (E) 120607 190607

Annex to the note verbale dated 15 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

[Original: Arabic]

Report of the Arab Republic of Egypt pursuant to Security Council resolution 1747 (2007)

Further to the report on the measures taken by the Arab Republic of Egypt to implement the provisions of Security Council resolution 1737 (2006) and in connection with Security Council resolution 1747 (2007) of 24 March 2007, which, in paragraph 8, calls upon States to report on the steps they have taken with a view to implementing its paragraphs 2, 4, 5, 6, and 7, the Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt has taken note of the paragraphs referred to in Security Council resolution 1747 (2007), and all relevant Egyptian ministries and authorities have been notified of the provisions contained therein so they might abide by them.

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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006)

Note verbale dated 17 May 2007 from the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the Chairman of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1737 (2006) concerning the Islamic Republic of Iran and has the honour to transmit herewith the response of the Great Jamahiriya regarding the steps taken to implement Security Council resolution 1747 (2007) (see annex).

07-37162 (E) 130607 180607

Response of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya regarding steps taken to implement Security Council resolution 1747 (2007) concerning the Islamic Republic of Iran

The Great Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya has taken note of the adoption of Security Council resolution 1747 (2007) under Article 41, Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations. The General People's Committee, which is the supreme executive authority, has informed the competent national sectors of the obligations incumbent upon the Great Jamahiriya under resolution 1747 (2007) and has urged them to take the necessary measures to meet the obligations established in paragraphs 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the resolution.